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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/837,245	04/18/2001	Ian H. Campbell	4250.2.25	3019

21552 7590 02/14/2003

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EXAMINER

CRANE, SARA W

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2811

DATE MAILED: 02/14/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/837,245

Applicant(s)

CAMPBELL ET AL.

Examiner

Sara W. Crane

Art Unit

2811

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 December 2002.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-43 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 22-34 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-21 and 35-43 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2. 6) ☐ Other: _____

Art Unit: 2811

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-7, 11-21, and 39-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

No teaching is provided in the specification of an organic semiconductor layer that would meet the limitations of the rejected claims, i.e., as organic molecule forming a monolayer, which has a sensing end group, a conjugated segment, and an attaching end group, that can function as a channel layer for a transistor. The experimental data reported with respect to, for example, figure 4, appears to be drawn only to a pentacene transistor, and pentacene does not appear to be an organic molecule that would meet the specific claim language requirements as set forth in these claims. The specification gives various examples of known groups that might function in general as an end group, or a conjugated segment, or an attaching end group, but no teaching is provided to explain how to make a single specific molecule having the necessary groups, that will function as a semiconductor, and that can be formed as a monolayer. Undue experimentation would be required to produce such a molecule. Moreover, even if such a molecule is produced, there is no showing in the specification of a semiconductor

Art Unit: 2811

device that exhibits transistor action, i.e., a device in which a voltage applied to a gate electrode causes a change in channel conductivity. The data of figure 4 does not appear to show any change in current due to a change in gate voltage. The transistor art is unpredictable. One cannot know whether transistor action can be obtained from a particular material without actually making the transistor and showing that transistor current-voltage characteristics can be obtained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dimitrakipoulos et al., Ogawa et al., '331, Ogawa, and Papadimitrakipoulos.

Dimitrakipoulos et al. teaches an organic transistor based on pentacene. The pentacene layer would comprise at least one monolayer of pentacene. The other three references each teach transistors having organic layers which would meet the limitations of claim 8. With respect to claims 9-10, the Dimitrakipoulos et al. pentacene would be the same material as Applicant's pentacene, and would therefore have the same properties.

Art Unit: 2811

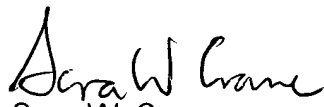
Claims 35-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ogawa, '109, in view of Ziegler and Gardner et al.

Ogawa, '109, teaches an organic self-assembled single transistor sensor (abstract and cover figure). Ziegler teaches a sensor array, including a processing module and associated circuitry. Gardner et al. also teaches an array of sensor (column 2, lines 24-43), to detect different gases. It would have been obvious to make the Ogawa sensor in the form of an array as taught by Ziegler and Gardner et al., in order to have different materials to sense different gases. It would have been obvious to include necessary processing circuitry as taught by Ziegler in order to process the measured signals.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to S. Crane, whose telephone number is (703) 308-4894.

The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 308-7722.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist, whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.


Sara W. Crane
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2811